Reading

Listen to or watch the story of 'The Very Hungry Caterpillar'. Re-tell the story to one of your grown-ups. Look at a range of stories and read and talk about the blurb on the book cover.

writing Task Writing Task Writing Task Remember your line of symmetry or mirror line. you can with the sour you can with the sour line. Writing Task Writing Task Having looked at and read blurbs on the back covers of some of the books from your book shelf have a go at writing a blurb for The Very Hungry Caterpillar. Rhyming words confit the words of that rhyme with 'cat'? Remember they can nonsense words. Remember they can nonsense words. Remember they can nonsense words.	Practical Activities Have a go at butterfly symmetry using your fingerprints. (see below)	Practical Ac Go on a Scavenger hunt and find an item that re colour of the rainbow - s	t with your family epresents each o something red,	resents each something red, Collect natural materials whilst on a wa	Ì	'ng' Challenge Try to think of as ma
	Each day the very hungry cate something different. Keep a diary and write down something that ye	erpillar ate / for a week	line. Writing Task Having looked at and read blurbs on the back covers of some of the books from your book shelf have a go at			you can with the so Rhyming words How many words o of that rhyme wit 'cat'? <u>Remember they car</u>

Numeracy Focus

Addition: Using the amounts from The Very Hungry Caterpillar work out the following: How many pieces of food did he eat on Saturday? How many pieces of fruit did he eat altogether on Monday and Friday? How many pieces of fruit did he eat altogether on Wednesday and Tuesday? How many pieces of fruit did he eat altogether on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday? How can you show your workings out? What can you use to help you? Try recording your answers using + and =

Topic: Creatures Big and Small

This week we will be focussing on caterpillars and butterflies. See if you can find out the following: How many legs do caterpillars have? Most caterpillars are herbivores. What is a herbivore? Can butterflies hear? What is a chrysalis? Are all caterpillars the same colour? A caterpillar is made up of three parts head, thorax and abdomen. See if you can find out what these words mean.

Ongoing ideas to support your Year R child:

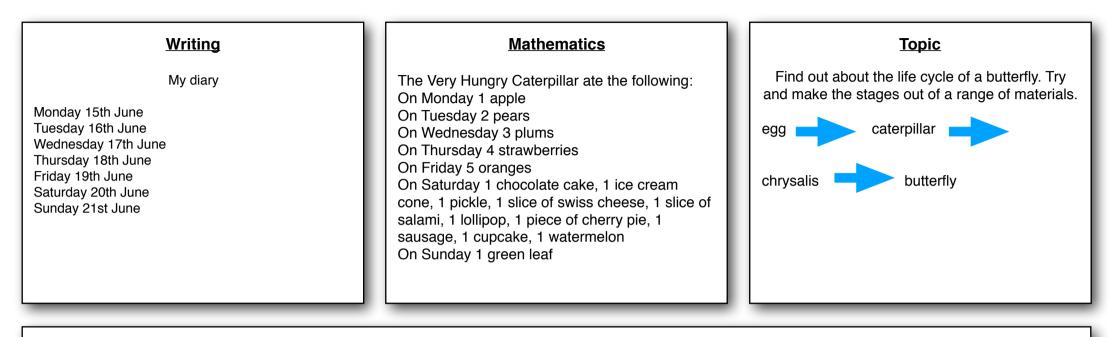
Please keep going over the high frequency words in their book bag and the tricky words from

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Activities/links to support your child's learning:



Practical Activities:

Something is **symmetrical** when it is the same on both sides. A shape has **symmetry** if a central dividing line (a mirror line) can be drawn on it, to show that both sides of the shape are exactly the same.

Butterfly symmetry: Fold a piece of paper in half and draw the shape of a butterfly making sure that the body of the butterfly is on the fold of the paper. Cut out the shape. When you open up the paper the line down the middle is called the line of symmetry and each side will be identical. Now, dip your finger into paint and dab it on just one side of your butterfly. Fold the paper again and press down. Open up your paper and your fingerprint should now be on the other side making it symmetrical. Repeat with different colours. Try using a mirror down the middle of your butterfly. What do you notice?