



Established 1834

Arbory School • Scoill Chairbre

Safeguarding Policy

Polasee Freyll Arrey Coadee Clienny

Confident
Kenjal
Crootagh
Caring
Creative
Jarroagh

2016 - Updated September 2023

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Safeguarding and child Protection Policy 2016 (Revised 2023)

AIMS OF THIS POLICY

- To ensure that children are effectively safeguarded from the potential risk of harm at Arbory School and that the safety and wellbeing of the children is of the highest priority in all aspects of the school's work.
- To help the school maintain its ethos whereby staff, pupils, parents and governors feel able to articulate any concerns comfortably, safe in the knowledge that effective action will be taken as appropriate.

PURPOSE OF THIS POLICY

To ensure that all members of the school community;

- are aware of their responsibilities in relation to safeguarding and child protection;
- know the procedures that should be followed if they have a cause for concern;
- know where to go to find additional information regarding safeguarding;
- are aware of the key indicators relating to child abuse;
- fully support the school's commitment to safeguarding and child protection.

The school Safeguarding Policy should also be read in conjunction with the school's Child Protection Policy, Health and Safety Policy, Behaviour Policy and with the child protection policies, procedures and guidelines produced by the Department of Education and Sport and Culture and the Isle of Man Safeguarding Children Board which can be accessed at: <http://www.isleofmanscb.im>

(Staff link to Its Learning Safeguarding - <https://isleofman.itslearning.com/ContentArea/ContentArea.aspx?LocationID=537&LocationType=1>)

I PRINCIPLES

- I.1 We have a statutory duty to promote and safeguard the welfare of children as outlined in the Safeguarding Act 2018, and have due regard to guidance issued by the Department of Education, Sport and Culture at all times.
Legislation, principles and guides that underpins this policy include; Isle of Man Safeguarding Board Procedures - Safeguarding Together 2019, Education Act 2001 and the Children and Young Persons Act 2001.
- I.2 This school recognises its legal and moral duty to;
- promote the well-being of children,
 - protect children from maltreatment,
 - prevent the impairment of children's mental and physical health or development,
 - ensure that children grow up in circumstances consistent with the provision of safe and effective care,
 - take action to enable all children to have the best outcomes,
 - and respond to child protection concerns when they arise.
- I.3 We believe that every child and young person regardless of gender, age, ethnicity, disability, special educational needs, religion or sexuality has at all times and in all situations a right to feel safe and protected from any situation or practice that results in a child being physically or psychologically damaged.
- I.4 We agree that we have a primary responsibility for the care, welfare and safety of the pupils in our charge, and we will carry out this duty through our teaching and learning, extracurricular activities, pastoral care and extended school activities. In order to achieve this, all members of staff (including volunteers and governors) in this school, in whatever capacity, will at all times act proactively in child welfare matters especially where a child may be at risk of significant harm.

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- 1.5 The school seeks to adopt an open and accepting attitude towards children as part of their responsibility for pastoral care and acknowledges that emotional wellbeing and mental health are part of this safeguarding responsibility. The school hopes that parents and children will feel free to talk about any concerns and will see school as a safe place if there are any difficulties at home.
- 1.6 Children's worries and fears will be taken seriously if they seek help from a member of staff. However, staff must not promise secrecy if concerns are such that referral must be made to the appropriate agencies in order to safeguard the child's welfare.
- 1.7 The school acknowledges that some children are more vulnerable to being exploited either criminally or sexually, and can occur online or in person. In addition,, Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACEs), special educational needs and/or disabilities increase the risk for certain children.
- 1.8 In our school, if there are suspicions that a child's physical, sexual or emotional well-being is being, or is likely to be, harmed, or that they are being neglected, appropriate action will be taken in accordance with the Child Protection procedures issued by Isle of Man Safeguarding Children Board.
- 1.9 As a consequence, we
- assert that teachers and other members of staff (including volunteers) in the school are an integral part of the child safeguarding process;
 - accept totally that safeguarding children is required and is an appropriate function for all members of staff in the school, and wholly compatible with their primary pedagogic responsibilities.
 - recognise that safeguarding children in this school is a responsibility for all staff including;
 - volunteers;
 - sub-contractors;
 - DESC, DOI and DHSC (Manx Care) staff;
 - Members of the Governing body;
 - Students on work placements.All the above persons are considered to be in a 'Position of Trust' and have a duty to safeguard children.
 - will ensure through training and supervision that all staff and volunteers in the school are alert to the possibility that a child is at risk of suffering harm, and know how to report concerns or suspicions;
 - will designate a senior member of staff with knowledge and skills in recognising and acting on child protection concerns. He or she will act as a source of expertise and advice, and is responsible for coordinating action within the school and liaising with other agencies; Mr J Ayres is Designated Safeguarding Lead.
 - ensure (through the Designated Safeguarding Lead) that all staff with designated responsibility for child protection will receive appropriate training to the minimum standard set out by the IoM DESC.
 - will share our concerns with others who need to know, and assist in any referral process;
 - will ensure that all members of staff and volunteers who have a suspicion or concern that a child may be suffering, or may be at risk of suffering significant harm, refer such concerns to the Designated Safeguarding Lead, who will refer on to other agencies in accordance with the procedures issued by the DESC.

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- follow up non-school attendance by seeking information from parents/ carers on a daily basis (unless informed of a specific period of absence) and work with parents to address regular lateness.
- keep logs/records of absences and lateness, and refer individual cases to EWOs and/or Police if required in order to carry out welfare checks.
- safeguard the welfare of children whilst in the school, through positive measures to address bullying, especially where this is aggravated by sexual or racial factors, disability or special educational needs, cyber bullying or Internet technologies including;
 - sexting, homophobic or racial bullying, sexual violence and harassment.
- ensure that technology in school is used appropriately and that all students' mobile phones are kept in a designated metal box in the school office.
- will ensure that all staff are aware of the Child Protection Procedures established by the Isle of Man Safeguarding Children Board and, where appropriate, the DEC, and act on any guidance or advice given by them;
- will ensure through the recruitment and selection of volunteers and paid employees that all people who work in our school are suitable to work with children,
- will act swiftly and make appropriate referrals to the DEC where an allegation is made that a member of staff has committed an offence against a child, harmed a child, or acted in a way that calls into question their suitability for working with children.

2 DESIGNATED SAFEGUARDING LEAD IN SCHOOL

- 2.1 The Designated Safeguarding Lead for safeguarding and child protection in this school is: **Mr J H Ayres**
- 2.2 In their absence, these matters will be dealt with by the Deputy Designated Safeguarding Lead: **Mrs T Collister**
- 2.3 The designated person is key to ensuring that proper procedures and policies are in place and are followed with regard to child safeguarding issues. They will also act as a dedicated resource available for other staff, volunteers and governors when they may have child protection concerns to discuss.
- 2.4 The school recognises that:
 - the Designated Safeguarding Lead need not be a teacher but must have the status and authority within the school management structure to carry out the duties of the post – they must therefore be a senior member of staff in the school.
 - all members of staff (including volunteers) must be made aware of who this person is and what their role is.
 - The Designated Safeguarding Lead will act as a source of advice and coordinate action within the school over child protection cases
 - The Designated Safeguarding Lead will need to liaise with other agencies and build good working relationships with colleagues from these agencies.
 - They should possess skills in recognising and dealing with child welfare concerns.
 - Appropriate training and support should be given.

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- The Designated Safeguarding Lead is the first person to whom members of staff report concerns.
- The Designated Safeguarding Lead is responsible for referring cases of suspected abuse or allegations to the relevant investigating agencies according to the procedures established by the Isle of Man SCB.
- The Designated Safeguarding Lead is not responsible for dealing with allegations made against members of staff, **unless the Designated Safeguarding Lead is also the Headteacher.**
- The Designated Safeguarding Lead will also ensure that the school is represented at Child Protection Conferences and that the required reports are written and available within the appropriate timescales.

2.5 To be effective they will:

- Act as a source of advice, support and expertise within the school and be responsible for coordinating action regarding a request for service by liaising with the Children and Families Division of the Department of Health and Social Care (Manx Care) and other relevant agencies over suspicions that a child may be suffering harm.
- Cascade safeguarding advice and guidance.
- Where they have concerns that a request for service has not been dealt with in accordance with the child protection procedures, they can discuss this with the Head of Safeguarding and Welfare/ members of the Safeguarding Unit and consider what needs to happen next.
- Ensure each member of staff and volunteers at the school, and regular visitors, supply teachers, trainee teachers and relief ESOs are aware of and can access readily the Child Protection and Safeguarding Policies.
- Liaise with the deputy headteacher to give information and updates him of any safeguarding issues and ongoing investigations and ensure there is always cover for the role.
- Ensure that this policy is updated and reviewed regularly.
- Be able to keep detailed accurate secure written records of referrals/concerns, and ensure that these are held in a secure place.
- Ensure parents are aware of the Safeguarding Policy and Child Protection Policy in order to alert them to the fact that the school may need to make referrals of concerns to Social Care. Raising parents' awareness may avoid later conflict if the school does have to take appropriate action to safeguard a child.
- Where children leave the school roll, ensure any child protection file is transferred to the new school as soon as possible. Both schools should sign a form to confirm the handover of the records, both schools should retain a copy of the transfer form.
- Where a child leaves and the new school is not known, ensure that the local authority is alerted so that the child's name can be included on the database for children missing education.

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- 2.5 The Designated Safeguarding Lead also has an important role in ensuring all staff and volunteers receive appropriate training. They should:
- Attend training in how to identify abuse and know when it is appropriate to refer a case. (Training is every two years.)
 - Have a working knowledge of how Isle of Man Safeguarding Children Board operates and the conduct of a child protection case conference and be able to attend and contribute to these when required.
 - Attend any relevant training courses or workshops and then ensure that any new or key messages are passed to others as appropriate.
 - Make themselves (and any deputies) known to all staff, volunteers and governors (including new starters and supply teachers) and ensure those members of staff have had training in child protection. This should be relevant to their needs to enable them to identify and report any concerns to the designated Safeguarding Lead immediately.

3 RECRUITMENT

- 3.1 In order to ensure that children are protected whilst at this school, we will ensure that our staff and volunteers are carefully selected, screened, trained and supervised.
- 3.2 We accept that it is our responsibility to follow the guidance set out in DESC guidance.

4 VOLUNTEERS

- 4.1 We understand that some people otherwise unsuitable for working with children may use volunteering to gain access to children; for this reason, any volunteers in the school, in whatever capacity, will be recruited in line with DESC Policy and regular helpers require DBS checks.

5 INDUCTION & TRAINING

- 5.1 All new members of staff will receive induction training, which will give them an overview of the organisation and ensure they know its purpose, values, services and structure, as well as how to identify and report abuse, child protection concerns within the appropriate levels of confidentiality.
- 5.2 All new staff at the school will receive child protection training and given access to the Safeguarding and Child Protection policies on starting their work at the school.
- 5.3 All staff will be expected to attend training on safeguarding children and this will enable them to fulfil their responsibilities in respect of child protection effectively. The school will provide access to this training and new staff will also as part of their induction, complete the on line safeguarding training which can be accessed via www.kwango.com
- 5.4 All Staff will attend refresher training every two years, and the Designated Safeguarding Lead every two years.
- 5.5 Staff visiting the school for short periods of time e.g. 1 day supply cover, will receive information in relation to safeguarding children and the procedures they must follow.
- 5.7 For staff who are unable to access face to face Safeguarding awareness training the school expects them to complete online training as above. All NQTs and students are expected to have completed the Safeguarding awareness training prior to commencing their employment.

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6 DEALING WITH CONCERNS

- 6.1 It is not the responsibility of any member of staff or volunteer to investigate any suspicions or concerns that a child/young person is at risk of or is suffering significant harm.
- 6.2 Their concerns should be reported to the Designated Safeguarding Lead immediately and should also be recorded using the school's Logging a Concern documentation.
- 6.3 A cause for concern is an action, observation or discussion that makes you feel anxious about the safety or wellbeing of a child linked to the four types of abuse;
- **physical, emotional, sexual and neglect.**
- 6.4 All causes for concern must be recorded on the Logging a Concern record (Red Form) and must be passed to the Designated Safeguarding Lead immediately. (See also Recording a concern checklist - Blue Form)
- 6.5 The Designated Safeguarding Lead will decide on the appropriate actions, signing off the Logging a Concern form.
- 6.6 The Designated Safeguarding Lead will consider if the issue needs to be passed to another agency.
- 6.7 A Child Protection file may also be raised in line with the policy and direction issued by the DESC. Referral Form (Yellow) and CP File Form (Orange)
- 6.8 All discussions, telephone calls and meetings in relation to the child/young person must be recorded. (White Form - Telephone Record)
- 6.9 All discussions, telephone calls and meetings in relation to the child/young person must be recorded on the monitoring record sheet. (White Form)

7 SAFEGUARDING IN SCHOOL

- 7.1 As well as ensuring that child protection concerns are addressed, we will also ensure that children who attend the school are kept safe from harm whilst they are in our charge.
- 7.2 To this end, this policy must be seen in conjunction with the school and government policies on:
- Personal, Social and Health Education and Sex and Relationships Education; child protection issues will be addressed through the curriculum as appropriate.
 - Anti Bullying Policy; the school will also ensure that bullying and racial harassment is identified and dealt with so that any harm caused by other students can be minimised. We will pay particular attention to sexualised behaviour, or bullying that is homophobic in nature, cyber bullying or where there appear to be links to domestic abuse in the family home. Incidents of bullying will be investigated and recorded.
 - Safe recruitment (DESC)
 - Code of conduct for staff and students (DESC)
 - Confidentiality
 - Behaviour and discipline
 - Health & Safety (DESC)
 - Physical Intervention - managing challenging behaviour (DESC)
 - Allegations against members of staff (DESC)

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- E-safety
- Whistle Blowing (DESC)
- Visitors policy
- Induction policy
- Information sharing policy (DESC)
- Recruitment and Retention (including parent helpers / volunteers)
- DBS checks / rechecks
- Professional Standards for Teachers
- Complaints procedures
- Bullying and Harassment
- Whole School Inclusion
- Online safety (including use of devices and activity watches / monitors)
- Taking of photographs or video imagery
- Acceptable Use Policy (ICT)
- Data Protection / GDPR
- Attendance Policy
- Whistle Blowing

8 PHOTOGRAPHING CHILDREN

- 8.1 We understand that parents like to take photos of or video record their children in the school play, or at sports day, or school presentations. This is a normal part of family life, and we will not discourage parents from celebrating their child's successes.
- 8.2 However, if there are Health and Safety issues associated with this - i.e. the use of a flash when taking photos could distract or dazzle the child, and cause them to have an accident, we will encourage parents to use film or settings on their camera that do not require flash.
- 8.3 We will not allow others (visitors to school e.g. theatre groups or workshop providers) to photograph or film students during a school activity without parental permission.
- 8.4 We will not allow images of students to be used on school websites, publicity, or press releases, without express permission from the parent, and if we do obtain such permission, we will not identify individual children by name.
- 8.5 The school cannot however be held accountable for photographs or video footage taken by parents, pupils or members of the public at school functions.
- 8.6 At the start of each academic year parental consent for the taking and use of photographs and videos will be updated for each student through the parental portal on Arbor.
- 8.7 The allowing of photographs and videos will be at the discretion of the Head teacher.

9 CONFIDENTIALITY and INFORMATION SHARING (refer to the School Confidentiality and Information Sharing Policy)

- 9.1 The school, and all members of staff at the school, will ensure that all data about students is handled in accordance with the requirements of the law (GDPR), and any national and local guidance.
- 9.2 Any member of staff who has access to sensitive information about a child or the child's family must take all reasonable steps to ensure that such information is only disclosed to those people who need to know.

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- 9.3 Regardless of the duty of confidentiality, if any member of staff has reason to believe that a child may be suffering harm, or be at risk of harm, their duty is to forward this information without delay to the designated Safeguarding Lead.

10 CONDUCT OF STAFF

- 10.1 The school has a duty to ensure that high standards of professional behaviour exist between staff and children, and that all members of staff are clear about what constitutes appropriate behaviour and professional boundaries.

- 10.2 At all times, members of staff are required to work in a professional way with children. All staff should be aware of the dangers inherent in:

- working alone with a child
- physical interventions
- cultural and gender stereotyping
- dealing with sensitive information
- giving to and receiving gifts from children and parents
- contacting children through private telephones (including texting), e-mail, MSN, or social networking websites.
- disclosing personal details inappropriately
- meeting students and families outside school hours or school duties

- 10.3 If any member of staff has reasonable suspicion that a child is suffering harm, and fails to act in accordance with this policy and the Isle of Man Safeguarding Children Board procedures, we will view this as misconduct, and take appropriate action

- 10.4 An agreed code of conduct in relation to safeguarding is set out on the DESC's guidance. Any member of staff who does not adhere to the policy will be subject to disciplinary procedures

- 10.5 An agreed Whistle Blowing policy in relation to safeguarding (appendix 1) supports the school ethos where students and staff can talk freely about concerns knowing they will be listened to and appropriate action taken.

- 10.6 There are a range of mechanisms in place to ensure that students feel comfortable to express their concerns to adults for example:

- To members of the Listening and Support services
- Through encouragement to discuss issues in class
- Via the school council meetings
- An open approach to discussing issues with staff

11 ALLEGATIONS AGAINST MEMBERS OF STAFF

- 11.1 If anyone makes an allegation that any member of staff (including any volunteer or Governor) may have:

- Possibly committed an offence against or related to a child
- Behaved in a way that has harmed or may have harmed a child
- Behaved towards a child in a way which indicates they would pose a risk of harm if they worked

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regularly or directly with children.

- 11.2 The allegation will be dealt with in accordance with guidance issued by the DESC.
- 11.3 The head teacher, rather than the designated member of staff will handle such allegations, unless the allegation is against the head teacher, when the chair of governors will handle the school's response.

12 PHYSICAL CONTACT AND RESTRAINT

- 12.1 Members of staff may have to make physical interventions with children. Members of staff will only do this in line with DESC policy on reasonable force. Handling should be seen as a last resort after all deescalation techniques have failed and the health and safety of pupils is put at risk. Staff who have received up to date positive handling training (Team Teach) should be used if possible.
- 12.2 Key staff should have undertaken Team Teach training and interventions should be in accordance with the Team Teach principles.

13 ALLEGATIONS AGAINST MEMBERS OF STAFF

- 13.1 If anyone makes an allegation that any member of staff (including any volunteer or Governor) may have:
- Possibly committed an offence against or related to a child
 - Behaved in a way that has harmed or may have harmed a child
 - Behaved towards a child in a way which indicates s/he would pose a risk of harm if they worked regularly or directly with children.
- 13.2 The allegation will be dealt with in accordance with national guidance and agreements, as implemented locally by the DESC.
- 13.3 The head teacher, rather than the designated member of staff will handle such allegations, unless the allegation is against the head teacher, when the chair of governors will handle the school's response.

14 BEFORE AND AFTER SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

- 14.1 Where the school transfers control of the use of the school premises to bodies (such as sports clubs) to provide out of school hours activities, the Department of Education Sport and Culture will ensure that these bodies have appropriate safeguarding and child protection policies and procedures in place. Such considerations will be made explicit in any contract or service level agreement with the bodies and it will be up to DESCC lettings to oversee such arrangements.

15 CONTRACTED SERVICES

- 15.1 Where the DESC contracts its services to outside providers, they will ensure that these providers have appropriate safeguarding and child protection policies and procedures, and that there are arrangements in place to link with the school on such matters. Such considerations will be made explicit in any contract or service level agreement with the provider.

16 PROVISION TO HELP PUPILS STAY SAFE

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- 16.1 Safeguarding permeates through all aspect of the wider school curriculum. The following examples are not exhaustive but give a flavour for how safeguarding is promoted at Arbory School.

PSHE - Many aspects of 'staying safe' are dealt with as part of PSHE sessions that aim to meet the specific needs of our children as they learn to engage with others in a safe and mutually respectful way. Our anti-bullying policy is reinforced regularly. Pupils who have particular needs or difficulties in these areas are supported by a range of social and emotional support strategies and programmes, as well as receiving additional individual support from parents and staff.

17 IMPLEMENTATION, MONITORING, EVALUATION AND REVIEW

- 17.1 All adults in school have access to the Safeguarding and Child Protection Policies which are on the Arbory Staffroom (Its Learning). Hard copies are kept in the staffroom and all staff are asked to sign to say that they have read and agree to follow its procedures. It will be discussed at least annually at staff meetings. Issues concerning Safeguarding and Child Protection will be discussed at Staff Team Meetings when appropriate.
- 17.2 The effectiveness of the policy will be reviewed and evaluated by the school's SLT and the Governing Body annually in light of any specific incidents or changes to local/national guidance.
- 17.3 The Headteacher will report on safeguarding matters (when needed) through the headteacher's report at each full governing body meeting.

18 PARENTS AND CARERS

- 18.1 Parents and carers will be informed that they can have a paper copy of the Safeguarding and Child Protection Policies on request.
- 18.2 Schools should be proactive in their consultations and involvement with parents and carers where there are child protection concerns unless this would be prejudicial to the safety and wellbeing of the child/young person.

19 RECORDS

- 19.1 The school will follow the DESC Retention Schedule (2017) in respect of all records linked to safeguarding and the and will be shared in line with the government's Information Sharing and GDPR legislation.

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Appendix I

Safeguarding Children: Whistle Blowing

Staff must acknowledge their individual responsibility to bring matters of concern to the attention of the Head Teacher. Although this can be difficult this is particularly important where the welfare of children may be at risk. You may be the first to recognise that something is wrong but may not feel able to express your concerns out of a feeling that this would be disloyal to colleagues or you may fear harassment or victimisation. These feelings, however natural, must never result in a child or young person continuing to be unnecessarily at risk. Remember it is often the most vulnerable children or young people who are targeted. These children need someone like you to safeguard their welfare.

Don't think what if I'm wrong - think what if I'm right

Reasons for whistleblowing

Each individual has a responsibility for raising concerns about unacceptable practice or behaviour in order to:

- prevent the problem worsening or widening
- protect or reduce risks to others
- prevent becoming implicated yourself

What stops people from whistleblowing

- Starting a chain of events which spirals
- Disrupting the work or project
- Fear of getting it wrong
- Fear of repercussions or damaging careers
- Fear of not being believed

How to raise a concern

- You should voice your concerns, suspicions or uneasiness as soon as you feel you can. The earlier a concern is expressed the easier and sooner action can be taken.
- Try to pinpoint exactly what practice is concerning you and why
- Approach the Headteacher
 - If your concern is about your immediate manager/Headteacher, or you feel you need to take it to someone outside the school, contact the Chair of Governors, **Mr David Cooil**.
 - Make sure you get a satisfactory response - don't let matters rest

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- Put your concerns in writing, outlining the background and history, giving names, dates and places where you can.
- A member of staff is not expected to prove the truth of an allegation but you will need to demonstrate sufficient grounds for the concern .

What happens next?

- You should be given information on the nature and progress of any enquiries
- Your employer has a responsibility to protect you from harassment or victimisation
- No action will be taken against you if the concern proves to be unfounded and was raised in good faith.
- Malicious allegations may be considered as a disciplinary offence

Self reporting

There may be occasions where a member of staff has a personal difficulty, perhaps a physical or mental health problem, which they know to be impinging on their professional competence. Staff have a responsibility to discuss such a situation with their line manager so professional and personal support can be offered. Whilst such reporting will remain confidential in most instances, this cannot be guaranteed where personal difficulties raise concerns about the welfare or safety of children

Further advice and support

It is recognised that whistle blowing can be difficult and stressful. Advice and support is available from your line manager, HR department and/or your professional or trade union.

"Absolutely without fail- challenge poor practice or performance. If you ignore or collude with poor practice it makes it harder to sound the alarm when things go wrong" (reproduced with acknowledgement to "Sounding the Alarm" – Barnardos)

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Appendix 2: Definitions and Symptoms of Abuse

There are four main categories of abuse – physical injury, neglect, sexual abuse and emotional abuse. The list of symptoms given is not exhaustive or comprehensive but consists of frequently observed symptoms. It is important to remember that most abuse involves more than one main type, for example, sexual and emotional abuse may be recognised together. These symptoms, for example cuts and grazes, may also be accidental and not a sign of abuse.

Physical Abuse

Actual or risk of physical injury to a child or failure to prevent physical injury (or suffering) to a child, including deliberate poisoning, suffocation and factitious illness by proxy. This includes excessive punishment.

Symptoms:

Behaviour changes/wet bed/withdrawal/regression
Frequent unexplained injuries

Finger marks
Broken bones

Afraid of physical contact
Violent behaviour during role play
Unwillingness to change clothes
Aggressive language and use of threats
Changing explanation of injuries
carer

Cuts and grazes
Cigarette burns
Cowering
Bruising in unusual areas
Not wanting to go home with parent or

Neglect

Actual or risk of persistent or severe neglect of a child or the failure to protect a child from exposure to any kind of danger, including cold or starvation. Extreme failure to carry out important aspects of care, resulting in the significant impairment of the child's health or development, including failure to thrive.

Symptoms:

Lack of appropriate clothing
Cold – complaining of
Hunger – complaining of
Unkempt hair
Not wanting to communicate
Attention seeking
Often in trouble – police
Use of bad language
Lack of confidence – low self-esteem
Jealousy

Dirty
Body sores
Urine smells
No parental interest
Behaviour problems
Lack of respect
Bullying
Always out at all hours
Stealing
Significantly underweight

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Sexual Abuse

Actual or risk of sexual exploitation of a child or adolescent. The child may be dependent and/or developmentally immature. The involvement of dependent, immature children and adolescents in activities to which they are unable to give informed consent or that violate the social taboos of family roles.

Symptoms:

Inappropriate behaviour – language	Withdrawn
Change of behaviour	Role play
Rejecting physical contact or demanding attention	Rocking
Physical evidence – marks, bruising	Knowledge
Pain going to toilet, strong urine	Stained underwear
Bruising/marks near genital area	
Drawing – inappropriate knowledge	
Relationships with other adults or children for example, being forward.	

Emotional Abuse

Actual or risk of severe adverse effect on the emotional and behavioural development of a child caused by persistent or severe emotional ill-treatment or rejection. It is important to remember that all abuse involves some emotional ill-treatment.

Symptoms:

Crying	Rocking
Withdrawn	Not wanting to socialise
Cringing	Bad behaviour
Aggression	Behaviour changes
Bribery by parent	Self infliction
Lack of confidence	Attention seeking
Isolation from peers – unable to communicate	Clingy
Afraid of authoritative figures	
Treating others as you have been treated	
Picking up points through conversation with children	

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Appendix 3: Local Support and Resources

Police - Southern Neighbourhood (822222)

<https://www.iompolice.im/footer/neighbourhood-policing/southern-npt/>

Southern LCP

<http://www.southerncommunitypartnership.org/>

Children and Families (686179)

Isle of Man Children's Centre (676076)

<http://www.thechildrenscentre.org.im>

Isle Listen (679118)

<https://www.islelisten.im/>

Crossroads (673103)

www.crossroadsiom.org

Cruse Bereavement (668191)

<https://www.cruse.org.uk/>

CAMHS (642875)

<https://www.gov.im/categories/caring-and-support/mental-health-service/child-and-adolescent-mental-health-service/>

Care for the Family (615712)

<https://www.careforthefamily.org.uk/contact-us/>

Family Action

<https://nacc.org.uk/centres/family-action-isle-of-man/>

Adopted - January 2016

Reviewed - February 2017 - JH Ayres

Safeguarding Flowchart added

Reviewed - May 2021 - JH Ayres

Reviewed - September 2023

Safeguarding and child Protection Policy 2016 (Revised 2023)

Raising safeguarding concerns about a child in Arbory School

